

## Homework 1

due August 31, 2015

[20 pts.]

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Step 1: Without using any notes, internet, books, friends, whatever, answer these questions to the best of your ability. You will not be graded on whether you get the right answer - rather, the point of this exercise is to help you determine where you stand with the math needed for this course. **DO NOT CHEAT!**

Step 2: Grade your answers to step 1 using whatever resource you trust. Write the correct answer in a different color pen/pencil, or on a new sheet of paper.

Step 3: Turn in both your original answers and the graded/corrected answers on the first day of class (Aug. 31, 2015).

### Problem 1

Evaluate the following to form an expression in terms of  $x$  and  $t$  alone:

(a) if  $z(t, x) = 4t - \frac{1}{x}$ , what is  $\frac{\partial}{\partial x} (\sqrt{z})$ ?

(b) if  $y(x) = 4x^5$ , and  $z(x) = \sin(x)$ , what is  $\frac{d}{dx} (4y^2 - 2z)$ ?

### Problem 2

For the following problems, expand the expressions so that the del-operator (i.e.  $\nabla$ ) is no longer present. In what follows,  $\psi(x, y)$  is a scalar field and  $\mathbf{u}(x, y)$  is a 2-dimensional vector with components  $\mathbf{u}(x, y) = u(x, y)\hat{i} + v(x, y)\hat{j}$  where  $\hat{i}, \hat{j}$  are the unit vectors in the  $x$ - and  $y$ -directions, respectively.

(a)  $\nabla\psi =$

(b)  $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{u} =$

(c)  $\nabla \times \mathbf{u} =$

(d)  $\nabla \cdot (\psi \mathbf{u}) =$

(e)  $\nabla \cdot (\nabla \times \mathbf{v}) =$

(f)  $\nabla \times (\nabla \psi) =$

### Problem 3

Assume  $\mathbf{f} = f\hat{i} + 0\hat{j} + f\hat{k}$  and  $\mathbf{v} = u\hat{i} + v\hat{j} + w\hat{k}$ , where  $f, u, v, w$  are all scalar functions of  $x, y, z$ .

(a) What is  $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{f}$ ?

(b) What is  $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{v}$ ?

(c) What is  $\nabla \times \mathbf{f}$ ?

(d) What is  $\mathbf{f} \times \mathbf{v}$ ?